Town of Hayden, Arizona

Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Snyder & Butler, CPAs, PLLC

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Town Council Town of Hayden, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hayden, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hayden, Arizona, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 48 through 52, schedule of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability-cost sharing pension plans on page 53, schedule of changes in the Town's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios-agent pension plans on page 54, schedule of Town's pension contributions on page 55, and the schedule of agent OPEB plans' funding progress on page 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to use highway user revenue fund monies the Town received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues the Town received solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, (the Auditor General of the State of Arizona,) the Town Council, management, and other responsible parties within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2018, on our consideration of the Town of Hayden, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Hayden, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tempe, Arizona

February 13, 2018

Smools + Butter, COAS PLIC

Within this section of the Town of Hayden, Arizona (Town) annual financial report, the Town's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Town's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$10,917,900 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets of \$8,975,448 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.
 - (2) Restricted net position for street improvement purposes \$58,617.
 - (3) Restricted net position for loan reserve requirements \$5,800.
 - (4) Unrestricted net position of \$1,878,035 represents the portion available to maintain the Town's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$1,982,202 this year. This compares to the prior year total ending fund balance of \$1,423,443 showing an increase of \$558,759 during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The Town also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Town's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the Town-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Town's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Town's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Town's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, and recreation. The business-type activities are the water and sewer utilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Town's most significant funds rather than the Town as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Town has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Town's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives. Budgetary comparison schedules can be found in a later section of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the Town charges customers a fee. The Water and Sewer Utility funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the Town organization for water and sewer services.

Fiduciary funds such as the Volunteer Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund Town programs and are reported similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's budgetary comparison schedules. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the Town's adopted and final revised budget. Supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements. Combining financial statements are provided for nonmajor governmental funds totaled in one column on the fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the Town as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the Town's net position at June 30, 2017:

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Totals		Totals		-	Amount Change
		2017		2017		2017		2016		
Current and other assets Non-current assets	\$	3,435,673	\$	27,129	\$	3,462,802	\$	2,833,288	\$	629,514
Capital assets		1,885,297		7,523,408		9,408,705		9,728,453		(319,748)
Total Assets		5,320,970		7,550,537		12,871,507		12,561,741		309,766
Deferred Outflows of Resources		309,934		39,074		349,008		189,370		159,638
Current liabilities		124,535		14,707		139,242		97,284		41,958
Non-current liabilities		946,550		661,587		1,608,137		1,830,476		(222,339)
Total Liabilities		1,071,085		676,294		1,747,379		1,927,760		(180,381)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		467,689		87,547		555,236		478,947		76,289
Invested in capital assets		1,885,297		7,090,151		8,975,448		9,288,006		(312,558)
Restricted		58,617		5,800		64,417		121,654		(57,237)
Unrestricted		2,148,216		(270,181)		1,878,035		934,744		943,291
Total Net Position	\$	4,092,130	\$	6,825,770	\$	10,917,900	\$	10,344,404	\$	573,496

The Town reported net position for governmental activities of \$4,092,130 and a net position for business-type activities of \$6,825,770. Net position increased \$843,060 for governmental activities and decreased \$269,564 for business-type activities.

The following table provides a summary of the Town's changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2017.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	 vernmental Activities	usiness- e Activities	Totals	Totals	Am ount Change		
	2017	2017	2017	2016			
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 261,595	\$ 158,059	\$ 419,654	\$ 391,658	\$	27,996	
Operating grants and contributions	308,141	-	308,141	317,848		(9,707)	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	6,394		(6,394)	
General revenues:							
City sales tax	1,216,707	-	1,216,707	1,134,688		82,019	
State taxes and shared revenues	345,652	-	345,652	331,091		14,561	
Property tax	756,258	-	756,258	280,794		475,464	
Other	19,182	-	19,182	15,942		3,240	
Total Revenues	2,907,535	158,059	3,065,594	2,478,415		587,179	
Expenses:							
General government	402,031	_	402,031	434,504		(32,473)	
Police	561,752	_	561,752	654,194		(92,442)	
Fire	85,341	_	85,341	104,335		(18,994)	
Sanitation	118,906	_	118,906	134,180		(15,274)	
Parks and Recreation/Golf Course/Pool	252,017	_	252,017	286,336		(34,319)	
Streets	129,919	_	129,919	121,331		8,588	
Library	74,995	_	74,995	91,554		(16,559)	
Cemetery	2,734	_	2,734	2,591		143	
Senior Center	231,849	_	231,849	268,292		(36,443)	
Community development	-	-	_	111,848		(111,848)	
Animal Control	6,943	-	6,943	8,371		(1,428)	
Water Utility	-	141,976	141,976	144,320		(2,344)	
Sew er Utility	-	483,635	483,635	458,766		24,869	
Total Expenses	1,866,487	625,611	 2,492,098	 2,820,622		(328,524)	
Transfers	(197,988)	197,988	-	-		-	
Change in net position	843,060	(269,564)	573,496	(342,207)		915,703	
Beginning net position	3,249,070	7,095,334	10,344,404	10,686,611		(342,207)	
Ending net position	\$ 4,092,130	\$ 6,825,770	\$ 10,917,900	\$ 10,344,404	\$	573,496	

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements.

Operating revenues totaled \$2,821,510 in 2016-2017, an increase of 21.8% from 2015-2016.

A comparative summary of principal revenues is as follows:

		•	Increase (Decrease) from 2015-2016				
	2016-2017 Am ount	Amount	%	2015-2016 Amount			
State Sales Tax	\$ 54,243	\$ (8,584)		\$ 62,827			
State Revenue Sharing	188,647	8,047		180,600			
Highway Users Tax	69,250	6,640		62,610			
Transportation Excise Tax	61,850	3,152		58,698			
Property Tax	616,547	402,410		214,137			
Vehicle Lieu Tax	40,912	11,946		28,966			
Grant Revenue	238,891	(22,741)		261,632			
Town Sales Tax	1,216,707	82,019		1,134,688			
Winkelman Intergovernmental Contract	76,854	11,854		65,000			
Utility Franchise	10,894	(950)		11,844			
Licenses, Permits and Other	118,278	(12,425)		130,703			
County Library Property Tax	49,600	2,700		46,900			
Fines and Forfeitures	4,205	1,013		3,192			
Sanitation Fees	33,811	15,804		18,007			
Golf Course Fees	32,533	(673)		33,206			
Interest Income	8,288	4,775		3,513			
	\$ 2,821,510	\$ 504,987	21.8%	\$ 2,316,523			

Operating expenditures totaled \$2,064,763 in 2016-2017. This represents a decrease of 5.0% from the prior year. The schedule that follows summarizes the expenditures.

				Increase (E from 201	•		
	2	2016-2017				2	2015-2016
		Amount		Amount	%		Amount
General Government	\$	437,069	\$	4,821		\$	432,248
Police		541,995		(58,204)			600,199
Fire		45,604		(19,441)			65,045
Streets		162,737		33,341			129,396
Sanitation		133,477		(8,922)			142,399
Parks and Recreation/Golf Course		247,188		(50)			247,238
Cemetery		2,539		143			2,396
Pool		33,522		(658)			34,180
Library		97,015		(3,088)			100,103
Senior Center		240,445		(30,528)			270,973
Community Development		-		(111,848)			111,848
Animal Control		10,117		505			9,612
Capital Outlay		113,055		86,175			26,880
	\$	2,064,763	\$	(107,754)	-5.0%	\$	2,172,517

Operating Revenues (\$2,821,510) exceeded operating expenditures (\$2,064,763) by \$756,747 and transfers to other funds of \$197,988 decreased the Town's overall governmental fund balance carryover. Carryover fund balance increased from \$1,423,443 at June 30, 2016 to \$1,982,202 at June 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to increases in property tax and sales tax revenues and a reduction in expenditures.

Proprietary funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The change in net position for these funds decreased \$269,564 for the year ended June 30, 2017 compared to a decrease of \$273,109 for 2015-2016.

Town Payroll and Fringe Benefits

The Town's gross payroll for 2016-2017 was \$986,119 a decrease of \$3,953, or .4% from 2015-2016. A summary by department follows:

Payroll

		from 2015-		
	2016-2017 Amount	Amount	%	2015-2016 Amount
Administration	109,097	(2,031)		111,128
Police	336,017	(22,469)		358,486
Fire	22,117	(5,913)		28,030
Public works	379,245	31,427		347,818
Library	52,411	863		51,548
Senior Center	87,232	(5,830)		93,062
	\$ 986,119	\$ (3,953)	-0.4%	\$ 990,072

The following payroll fringe benefits amounted to \$504,973, a decrease of \$23,611, or 4.5%. The decrease was due to decreases in the health insurance premium and industrial insurance premiums as follows:

			Increase (Dec from 2015-	•			
		016-2017		_		15-2016	
		Amount	 Amount	%	Amount		
Social security and Medicare taxes	\$	69,689	\$ 7,968		\$	61,721	
State retirement contributions		67,910	(1,415)			69,325	
Policemen's pension contributions		37,751	(1,283)			39,034	
Volunteer firemen's pension contributions		580	(240)			820	
Unemployment Taxes		1,071	1,071			-	
Industrial Insurance		60,379	(21,980)			82,359	
Health and life insurance		267,593	(7,732)			275,325	
	\$	504,973	\$ (23,611)	-4.5%	\$	528,584	

Analysis of Balances of Town's Individual Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's individual governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,982,202, an increase of \$558,759 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 97% of this total amount constitutes the General Fund Balance, which is available for its ongoing obligations. At June 30, 2017 fund balances were as follows:

	2016-2017 Amount			Amount	%	2015-2016 Amount
Governmental Funds:	-			, ,		
General Fund	\$	1,922,108	\$	590,396		\$ 1,331,712
Highway Users Fund		60,094		(31,637)		91,731
Grants Fund		-		-		-
Senior Center Fund		-		-		-
Library fund		-		-		-
Total	\$	1,982,202	\$	558,759	39.3%	\$ 1,423,443
Proprietary Funds						
Water utility fund	\$	102,078	\$	(10,279)		\$ 112,357
Sewer utility fund		6,723,692		(259,285)		6,982,977
Total	\$	8,807,972	\$	289,195	3.4%	\$ 8,518,777

Budgetary Highlights

The Town's budget for fiscal year 2017 was \$8,600,000. The amount represents an increase of \$100,000 from the previous year's budget.

The Town Council is authorized to allocate its contingency budget to increase departmental budgets within any fund, as long as total budgeted expenditures as originally adopted are not exceeded. For the year ended June 30, 2017, there were no departments that exceeded the budgeted amounts.

The expenditure limit adopted by the Town Council under its voter approved home-rule expenditure limitation option was \$8,600,000 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Town's expenditures complied with this expenditure limitation.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The following is a comparison of capital assets net of depreciation for 2017 and 2016.

	Governmen	ital Ac	tivities		ctivities		
2017			2016		2017	2016	
\$	90,570	\$	90,570	\$	10,718	\$	10,718
	800,511		734,110		-		-
	412,545		443,415		7,511,209		7,745,618
	581,671		700,872		1,481		3,150
\$	1,885,297	\$	1,968,967	\$	7,523,408	\$	7,759,486
	\$	2017 \$ 90,570 800,511 412,545 581,671	2017 \$ 90,570 \$ 800,511 412,545 581,671	\$ 90,570 \$ 90,570 800,511 734,110 412,545 443,415 581,671 700,872	2017 2016 \$ 90,570 \$ 90,570 \$ 800,511 734,110 412,545 443,415 581,671 700,872	2017 2016 2017 \$ 90,570 \$ 90,570 \$ 10,718 800,511 734,110 - 412,545 443,415 7,511,209 581,671 700,872 1,481	2017 2016 2017 \$ 90,570 \$ 90,570 \$ 10,718 \$ 800,511 734,110 - 412,545 443,415 7,511,209 581,671 700,872 1,481

Long-Term Obligations

In December 2014, the Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation received a loan of \$452,000 from the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) within the Rural Development Mission Area of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The loan was used to pay costs of construction for a new wastewater collection system and a new wastewater treatment plant. The Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation is a "blended" component unit, and its activity is recorded in the Sewer Utility Fund where sewer fees collected will provide debt service for the loan. The loan bears interest at 2.75%. Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$12,022.

FISCAL YEAR 2016-2017 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Town received Community Development Block Grant #102-16 in the amount of \$113,139. These funds were used to install a walk-in freezer for the Town's Senior Center.

The Town's local sales tax revenue increased \$82,019 from \$1,134,688 to \$1,216,707. Property tax collections also increased \$402,410 from \$214,137 to \$616,547. The Town also continued to decrease overall expenditures where possible, which has improved the net position of the Town.

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental **Business-type Activities Activities Total** Assets Cash and investments \$ 1,884,765 \$ \$ 1,884,765 Property Taxes Receivable 204,933 204,933 Accounts Receivable 10,580 23,305 33,885 Other Receivables 157,654 157,654 Due to Other Governments 143,906 143,906 Due from fiduciary fund 31,484 31,484 Prepaid Expenses 28,687 3,824 32,511 Net pension asset 973,664 973,664 Capital assets, non-depreciable 10,718 90,570 101,288 Capital assets, depreciable, net 1,794,727 7,512,690 9.307.417 **Total Assets** 5,320,970 7,550,537 12,871,507 **Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions** 309,934 39,074 349,008 Liabilities 12,042 98,003 Accounts payable 85,961 Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities 38,574 2,665 41,239 Non-Current Liabilities: Due within one year: Municipal Property Corporation Loan Payable 7,390 7,390 Compensated Absences 11,113 520 11,633 Due in more than one year: Municipal Property Corporation Loan Payable 425.867 425,867 **Compensated Absences** 44,454 5,064 49,518 **Net Pension Liabilities** 890,983 222,746 1,113,729 **Total liabilities** 1,071,085 676,294 1,747,379 **Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions** 467,689 87,547 555,236 **Net Position** Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 1,885,297 7,090,151 8,975,448 Restricted 5,800 64,417 58,617 2,148,216 Unrestricted (270, 181)1,878,035 **Total Net Position** 4,092,130 \$ 6,825,770 10,917,900

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes i	n Net
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		Program Revenues								Position					
Functions/Programs		oenses	Charges for Services		Operating grant and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities	Total			
Governmental Activities:															
General Government	\$	402,031	\$	17,133	\$	750	\$	-	\$	(384,148)	\$ -	\$ (384,148)			
Police		561,752		76,854		-		-		(484,898)	-	(484,898)			
Fire		85,341		-		-		-		(85,341)	-	(85,341)			
Streets		129,919		-		69,250		-		(60,669)	-	(60,669)			
Sanitation		118,906		33,811		-		-		(85,095)	-	(85,095)			
Parks and Recreation/Golf Course		199,678		32,533		-		-		(167,145)	-	(167,145)			
Cemetery		2,734		3,950		-		-		1,216	-	1,216			
Pool		52,339		2,109		-		_		(50,230)	-	(50,230)			
Library		74,995		804		2,000		_		(72,191)	-	(72,191)			
Senior Center		231,849		93,943		236,141		_		98,235	-	98,235			
Animal Control		6,943		458		-		_		(6,485)	_	(6,485)			
Total Governmental Activities		1,866,487		261,595		308,141		-		(1,296,751)		(1,296,751)			
Business-type Activities:															
Water		141,976		44,234		-		-			(97,742)	(97,742)			
Sewer		483,635		113,825		-		-			(369,810)	(369,810)			
Total Business-type Activities		625,611		158,059		-	•	_		_	(467,552)	(467,552)			
Total	\$	2,492,098	\$	419,654	\$	308,141	\$	-		(1,296,751)	(467,552)	(1,764,303)			
	Gei	neral Revenu	es:												
		State Sales T								54,243	-	54,243			
		State Revenu	e Sha	ıring						188,647	-	188,647			
		Property Tax								756,258	-	756,258			
		Vehicle Lieu	Тах							102,762	-	102,762			
		City Sales Ta								1,216,707	-	1,216,707			
		Utility Franchi	se Fe	es						10,894	-	10,894			
		Interest								8,288	-	8,288			
		Transfers								(197,988)	197,988	-			
		Total Gen	eral R	evenues and	d Trans	sfers				2,139,811	197,988	2,337,799			
	Ch	ange in Net P	ositio	n						843,060	(269,564)	573,496			
	Ne	t Position - Be	ginnii	ng						3,249,070	7,095,334	10,344,404			
	Net	t Position - En	ding						\$	4,092,130	\$ 6,825,770	\$10,917,900			

Town of Hayden, Arizona Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	(General Fund		ighway ers Fund		Grants Fund								Senior Center Fund		Library Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets																			
Cash and investments	\$	1,826,497	\$	58,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,884,765							
Property Taxes Receivable		204,933		-		-		-		-		204,933							
Accounts Receivable		10,580		-		-		-		-		10,580							
Other Receivables		157,654		-		-		-		-		157,654							
Due from Other Governments		37,000		6,242		2,012		98,652		-		143,906							
Due from Other Funds		127,839		-		22,968		-		-		150,807							
Prepaid Expenses		21,593		1,477		-		3,247		2,370		28,687							
Total Assets	\$	2,386,096	\$	65,987	\$	24,980	\$	101,899	\$	2,370	\$	2,581,332							
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows Liabilities:																			
Accounts payable	\$	50,904	\$	4,869	\$	24,980	\$	4,253	\$	955	\$	85,961							
Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	Ψ	34,844	Ψ	1,024	Ψ	24,900	Ψ	1,673	Ψ	1,033	φ	38,574							
Due to Other Funds		22,968		1,024		-		95,973		382		119,323							
Total Liabilities		108,716		5,893		24,980		101,899		2,370	_								
Deferred Inflows of Resources		100,710		5,095		24,900		101,099		2,370		243,858							
		204 424										204 424							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		204,134		-		-		-		-		204,134							
Unavailable revenue-court fines		106,538		-		-		-		-		106,538							
Unavailable revenue-loans		44,600										44,600							
Total deferred inflows of resources		355,272				-						355,272							
Fund Balances:																			
Nonspendable		21,593		1,477		-		3,247		2,370		28,687							
Restricted:																			
Street Improvements		-		58,617		-		-		-		58,617							
Unassigned		1,900,515		-		-		(3,247)		(2,370)		1,894,898							
Total Fund Balances		1,922,108		60,094		-		-		-	_	1,982,202							
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows,				· · ·								. ,							
and Fund Balances	\$	2,386,096	\$	65,987	\$	24,980	\$	101,899	\$	2,370	\$	2,581,332							

Town of Hayden, Arizona Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	1,982,202
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different be	caus	e:
Capital assets of \$5,446,525, net of accumulated depreciation of (\$3,668,630), are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds		1,885,297
Other long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. These		
include property taxes of \$204,134, magistrate fines of \$106,538 and small business loans of \$44,600.		355,272
Compensated Absences are payable only upon employee retirement and therefore are not payable from current resources		(55,567)
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for current operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3	973,664
Pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds.		(890,983)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(157,755)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	4,092,130

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Highway Users Fund	Grants Fund	Senior Center Fund	Library Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
State Sales Tax	\$ 54,243	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,243
State Revenue Sharing	188,647	-	-	-	-	188,647
Highway Users Tax	-	69,250	-	-	-	69,250
Transportation Excise Tax	-	61,850	-	-	-	61,850
Property Tax	616,547	-	-	-	-	616,547
Vehicle Lieu Tax	40,912	-	-	-	-	40,912
Grant Revenue	-	-	115,805	123,086	-	238,891
Town Sales Tax	1,216,707	-	-	-	-	1,216,707
Winkelman Intergovernmental Contract	76,854	-	-	-	-	76,854
Utility Franchise	10,894	-	-	-	-	10,894
Licenses, Permits and Other	23,513	-	-	93,943	822	118,278
County Library Property Tax	-	-	-	-	49,600	49,600
Fines and Forfeitures	4,205	-	-	-	-	4,205
Sanitation Fees	33,811	-	-	-	-	33,811
Golf Course Fees	32,533	-	-	-	-	32,533
Interest Income	8,288	-	-	-	-	8,288
Total Revenues	2,307,154	131,100	115,805	217,029	50,422	2,821,510
Expenditures:						
General Government	436,319	-	750	-	-	437,069
Police	541,995	-	-	-	-	541,995
Fire	45,604	-	-	-	-	45,604
Streets	· -	162,737	-	-	-	162,737
Sanitation	133,477	-	-	-	-	133,477
Parks and Recreation/Golf Course	247,188	-	-	-	-	247,188
Cemetery	2,539	-	-	-	-	2,539
Pool	33,522	-	-	-	-	33,522
Library	, <u>-</u>	-	2,000	_	95,015	97,015
Senior Center	-	-	-	240,445	-	240,445
Animal Control	10,117	-	-	· -	-	10,117
Capital Outlay		-	113,055	-	-	113,055
Total Expenditures	1,450,761	162,737	115,805	240,445	95,015	2,064,763
Excess of revenues over						
(Under) Expenditures	856,393	(31,637)	-	(23,416)	(44,593)	756,747
Other Financing Sources (uses):						
Transfers to other funds	(265,997)	-	-	-	-	(265,997)
Transfers from the general fund	· -	-	-	23,416	44,593	68,009
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(265,997)			23,416	44,593	(197,988)
Net change in fund balances	590,396	(31,637)	-	-	-	558,759
Fund Balances, Beginning	1,331,712	91,731	-	-	-	1,423,443
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 1,922,108	\$ 60,094	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,982,202

Town of Hayden, Arizona Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

558,759 Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay 113.055 Depreciation expense (196,725)Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. Increase in compensated absences 5,351 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These include an increase of \$90,111 in the City's property taxes and an decrease of (\$1,091) in court fines. 89,020 Payment of principal amounts received on small business loans receivable is a financing resource in the governmental funds but the payment reduced small business loans receivable in the statement of net assets. (2,994)Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the statement of activities. Pension contributions 91,679 Pension revenue 184,915

843,060

Change in net position of governmental activities

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Proprietary Funds
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Accounts Receivable	\$ 7,8	95 \$ 15,410	\$ 23,305
Prepaid expense	2,3	08 1,516	3,824
Total Current Assets	10,2	03 16,926	27,129
Capital Assets:			
Land and Construction in Progress		- 10,718	10,718
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	222,9	17 7,289,773	7,512,690
Total Assets	233,1	7,317,417	7,550,537
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	17,5	83 21,491	39,074
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	5,4	30 6,612	12,042
Accrued liabilities	1,2	26 1,439	2,665
Current portion of loan payable		- 7,390	7,390
Current portion of compensated absences	2	34 286	520
Total Current Liabilities	6,8	90 15,727	22,617
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences	2,1	03 2,961	5,064
Municipal property corporation loan payable		- 425,867	425,867
Net Pension Liabilities	100,2	36 122,510	222,746
Total Non-Current Liabilities	102,3	39 551,338	653,677
Total Liabilities	109,2	29 567,065	676,294
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	39,3	96 48,151	87,547
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	222,9		7,090,151
Reserve for Debt Retirement		- 5,800	5,800
Unrestricted	(120,8		(270,181)
Total Net Position	\$ 102,0	78 \$ 6,723,692	\$ 6,825,770

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Sewer			
		Utility		Utility		Total	
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	44,179	\$	113,825	\$	158,004	
Taps, Extensions and Permits		55		-		55	
Total Operating Revenues		44,234		113,825		158,059	
Operating Expenses:							
Personal Services		84,339		143,970		228,309	
Telephone and Utilities		15,760		31,419		47,179	
Repairs and Maintenance		11,433		36,392		47,825	
Supplies		7,281		2,891		10,172	
Miscellaneous		1,538		1,388		2,926	
Consultants		9,742		31,358		41,100	
Depreciation		11,883		224,195		236,078	
Total Operating Expenses		141,976		471,613		613,589	
Operating Income (Loss)		(97,742)	_	(357,788)		(455,530)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Transfer from General Fund		87,463		110,525		197,988	
Interest Expense		-		(12,022)		(12,022)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		87,463		98,503		185,966	
Changes in Net Position		(10,279)		(259,285)		(269,564)	
Total Net Position - Beginning		112,357		6,982,977		7,095,334	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	102,078	\$	6,723,692	\$	6,825,770	

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2017

		Water Utility			Pr	Total oprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Φ.	40 505	Φ	444.004	Φ	450 500
Cash Received from Customers	\$	40,525	\$	111,984	\$	152,509
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(83,060)		(141,562)		(224,622)
Cash Payments for Employees, Payroll Taxes and Fringe Benefits		(44,928)		(61,735)		(106,663)
Net Cash Provided(used) by Operating Activities		(87,463)		(91,313)		(178,776)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Transfers from the General Fund		87,463		110,525		197,988
Net Cash used by Non-Capital Financing Activities		87,463		110,525		197,988
The Cash according to the capital transmission of tran		01,100	_	,		,
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Interest Expense Payments		-		(12,022)		(12,022)
Principal Payments on Debt		-		(7,190)		(7,190)
Net Cash Provided Used for Capital and Related			-			
Financing Activities		-		(19,212)		(19,212)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year						
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(97,742)	\$	(357,788)	\$	(455,530)
Adjustments to reconcile operating Income (loss) to net cash provided		, ,		, ,		, ,
(used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		11,883		224,195		236,078
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,						
and deferred inflows of resources						
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(5,772)		29,753		23,981
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Relating to Pensions		(9,174)		(14,133)		(23, 307)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Relating to Pensions		11,371		23,629		35,000
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(3,709)		(1,841)		(5,550)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		1,012		845		1,857
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		3,389		1,619		5,008
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll		1,031		1,076		2,107
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		248		1,332		1,580
Total Adjustments		10,279	-	266,475		276,754
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(87,463)	\$	(91,313)	\$	(178,776)
, , , .	_		_		<u> </u>	/

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2017

	Voluntee Firemen Relief ar Pensior Fund			
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	73,763		
Total Assets		73,763		
Liabilities				
Due to other Funds		31,484		
Total Liabilities		31,484		
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	42,279		

Town of Hayden, Arizona Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Fire Reli Pe	unteer emen's ief and nsion
Additions		una
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	580
Plan Members		580
Total Contributions		1,160
Investment Income:		
Gain (Loss) on investments		-
Interest		484
Total Investment Income		484
Total Additions		1,644
Deductions		
Benefits		5,519
Total Deductions		5,519
Change in Net Assets		(3,875)
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of Year		46,154
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$	42,279

I. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Hayden, Arizona operates under a council-clerk form of government and provides the following services: police and fire protection, highways and streets maintenance, sanitation, water, sewer, parks and recreation, public improvements and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the Town of Hayden (Town) are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanation, including required disclosures, of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units (entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.) Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation

In December 2014, the Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation received a loan of \$452,000 from the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) within the Rural Development Mission Area of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). This loan provided funds for the Town to pay costs of construction for a new wastewater collection system and a new wastewater treatment plant. The Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation is a "blended" component unit, and its activity is recorded in the Sewer Utility Fund where sewer fees collected will provide debt service for the loan.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services, (2) operating grants and contributions which finance operating activities including the Highway Users tax, Transportation Excise Tax and the County Library Property tax; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject

to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and utility funds are reported in separate columns with a composite column for non-major governmental funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grant revenues are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Pension trust funds recognize employer and participant contributions in the period in which contributions are due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred as under accrual accounting.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, charges to customers for services, property taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental revenues and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, for governmental activities it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Types and Major Funds

Governmental Funds

The Town reports the following major governmental funds.

General Fund - reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Highway Users Fund - the Town receives a share of the State's gas tax, which is to be used solely for street and highway expenditures.

Grants Fund - established to account for the Town's grant programs not reported in proprietary funds or other funds.

The Town also has the Senior Center Fund and Library Fund which account for those operations.

Proprietary Funds

The Town has only two enterprise funds and reports them both as major funds.

Water Utility Fund - accounts for the operating activities of the Town's water utility services.

Sewer Utility Fund - accounts for the operating activities of the Town's sewer utility services.

Fiduciary Fund

Volunteer Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund - reports fiduciary resources held in trust and the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year end were cash on hand, restricted and unrestricted cash in bank and investments.

Arizona statutes authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's local government investment pools, the County Treasurer's investment pool, in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations of the State and certain local government subdivisions, interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit, collateralized repurchase agreements, certain obligations of U.S. corporations, and certain other securities. By identification of permitted investments, all other investments are prohibited by the same statutes. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the Town's investments.

Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

All investments are stated at fair value.

2. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories consist primarily of supplies, which are immaterial at June 30, 2017, and therefore, not recorded on the Statement of Net Assets.

Prepaid expenses record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods. Prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

3. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The Town's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets beginning July 1, 2003. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective fund financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The Town capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. The Town has elected not to report general infrastructure assets retroactively.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings	40
Improvements, other than buildings	7 - 20
Furniture, machinery, and equipment	7 - 20
Street and Highway Infrastructure	10

4. Capitalized Interest

The Town capitalizes net interest costs as part of the cost of constructing various water and sewer projects when material.

5. Compensated Absences

Town employees are allowed to accrue twelve days sick leave each year, up to a maximum of thirty days. Sick days do not vest under the Town's policy, and accordingly, employees can be paid sick leave only when sick. Since accumulated sick leave is not paid on separation, a liability for unused sick leave is not recorded in the financial statements.

Town employees are granted vacation leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for any unused accumulated vacation leave. Unlike sick leave, it and related payroll taxes and other salary-related payments are accrued as a current liability on the assumption that employees may terminate their employment at any time and the Town would use current resources to pay the accumulated leave amounts. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirement by fiscal year-end.

6. Net Position and Fund Balance

Government-wide Statements

Net position is displayed in five components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net amounts consist of net amounts with constraints on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net amounts All other net amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as prepaid expenses, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations. The Town's restricted fund balance consists of Highway Users Tax and Gila County Transportation Excise Tax amounts collected by Arizona specifically for street operations and maintenance.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed.

The Town has no committed or assigned fund balances at June 30, 2017.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use restricted fund balance first.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relative to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plans fiduciary net position and additions/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments including refund of employee contribution are recognized when due and payable in acceptance of the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgeting

The Town Clerk submits an annual budget to the Town Council in accordance with Arizona State Statutes. The budget is presented to the Town Council for review, and public hearings are held to address priorities and the allocation of resources. Once approved, the Town Council may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department. The legal level of control is by department within a fund. It is the Town's policy to use budgeted contingency funds when departments incur excess over the budgeted amounts due to unexpected expenditures. For the year ended June 30, 2017, there were no departments that exceeded the budget.

III. DETAILED NOTES

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the Town's deposits may not be returned to the Town. The Town does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$590,389 and the bank balance was \$643,783. \$345,960 of the bank balance was covered by FDIC coverage and the remaining \$297,823 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Town also had cash on hand of \$225.

Investments

The Town's investments of \$1,367,914 consist of investments in the State Treasurer external investment pool 5. Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the Town held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools represent external investment pools, which are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. The Town's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the Town's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

2. Receivables, Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Revenues

The following is a description of significant receivables as of June 30, 2017:

PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - Property taxes due from Coun revenue deferred for amounts assessed by County but uncollected (\$114,023) for governmental fund financial statements	ty;	\$ 204,933
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:		
Sanitation (\$5,799), Cemetery Services (\$4,781)		
Water (\$7,895), Sewer (\$15,410)		33,885
OTHER RECEIVABLES:		
Franchise Fees Receivable	\$ 2,341	
Magistrate Fines Receivable (Deferred for Uncollected Amounts)	106,538	
Small Business Loan Receivables	44,600	
Miscellaneous Receivables	4,175	157,654
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:		
State Sales Tax	4,989	
Town Sales Tax	24,854	
Vehicle Lieu Tax	5,555	
Gila County Transportation Excise Tax	1,602	
Highway Users Tax	6,242	
Senior Center Grants	98,652	
Other Grants	2,012	 143,906
_		_
Total		\$ 540,378

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on May 1 and payable in two installments on October 1 and April 1 of the subsequent year. The County bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the Town. In the governmental fund financial statements, Town property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they have been collected by the Town within sixty days of year end. Assessed amounts that are uncollected are recorded as a receivable and deferred inflows. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes receivable and related revenue include all amounts due to the Town regardless of when cash is received. Over time, substantially all property taxes are collected.

The Town is subject to a maximum primary property tax levy by Arizona State Statutes. For 2016-2017 this levy limit was \$3,425,209, and the Town levied \$683,875 in primary taxes, a difference of \$2,741,334. The Town has no secondary property tax levy for general obligation bonded debt.

Revenue is recorded as earned when eligibility requirements are met. Other revenue was received more than 60 days following year-end (unavailable to pay liabilities of the current period). These amounts are property taxes (\$204,134), magistrate finds (\$106,538) and small business loans receivable (\$44,600). These total \$355,272 and are recorded as Deferred Inflows of Resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

3. Capital Assets

Changes in Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Governmental Activities	Beginr Balan	-	ln	creases	Decreas	00		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated	Dalaii	ce	- 111	Creases	Decreas	e 5		Dalatice
Land	\$ 90	,570	\$		\$		\$	90,570
Total capital assets not being depreciated		,570	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	90,570
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	1,790	,939		113,055		-		1,903,994
Street Infrastructure and Improvements	1,072	,834		-	_			1,072,834
Furniture and equipment	2,492	,182		-		-		2,492,182
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,355	,955		113,055		-		5,469,010
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements	(1,056	,829)		(46,654)		-		(1,103,483)
Street Infrastructure and Improvements	(629	,419)		(30,870)		-		(660,289)
Furniture and equipment	(1,791	,310)		(119,201)		-		(1,910,511)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,477	,558)		(196,725)		-		(3,674,283)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,878	,397		(83,670)		-		1,794,727
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,968	,967	\$	(83,670)	\$	-	\$	1,885,297

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities:

	Be	ginning					Ending
Business-type Activities	В	alance	In	creases	Reclass	ification	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	10,718	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,718
Total capital assets not being depreciated		10,718		-		-	10,718
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements		-		-		-	-
Street Infrastructure and Improvements	9	,432,961		-		-	9,432,961
Furniture and equipment		61,018		-		-	61,018
Total capital assets being depreciated	9	,493,979		-			9,493,979
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and improvements		-		-		-	-
Street Infrastructure and Improvements	(1	,687,343)		(234,409))	-	(1,921,752)
Furniture and equipment		(57,868)		(1,669))	-	(59,537)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	,745,211)		(236,078)		-	(1,981,289)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7	,748,768		(236,078))		7,512,690
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7	,759,486	\$	(236,078)	\$	_	\$ 7,523,408
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ·

None of the above equipment amounts are being acquired under capital leases or contracts as of June 30, 2017.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activitie	es			Business-typ	es :			
Administration	\$	31,209	,	Water Utility		\$	11,883	
Police		50,386	;	Sewer Utility			224,195	
Fire		39,737		Total		\$	236,078	
Streets		5,309			•			
Sanitation		11,508						
Parks and Recreation		12,924						
Cemetery		195						
Pool		18,817						
Library		5,756						
Senior Center		20,884						
Total	\$	196,725						

B. Liabilities

1. Long-Term Liabilities

The Town had no special assessment debt at June 30, 2017.

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences debt for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance July 01, 2016		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2017		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities										
Compensated Absences:	\$	60,918	\$	-	\$	(5,351)	\$	55,567	\$	11,113
Net pension liabilities		1,126,342		-		(235,359)		890,983		
Total	\$	1,187,260	\$	-	\$	(240,710)	\$	946,550	\$	11,113
Business-type Activities										
Municipal Property Corporation Debt	\$	440,447	\$	-	\$	(7,190)	\$	433,257	\$	7,390
Compensated Absences:		4,004		1,580		-		5,584		520
Net pension liabilities		198,765		23,981				222,746		
Total	\$	643,216	\$	25,561	\$	(7,190)	\$	661,587	\$	7,910

Note Payable

In December 2014, the Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation received a loan of \$452,000 from the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) within the Rural Development Mission Area of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). This loan provided funds to the Town to pay costs of construction for a new wastewater collection system and a new wastewater treatment plant. The Town of Hayden Municipal Property Corporation is a "blended" component unit, and its activity is recorded in the Sewer Utility Fund where sewer fees collected will provide debt service for the loan. The loan bears interest at 2.75% and interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$12,022. Beginning October 2014, \$215 per month will be designated as the Reserve Account until the sum of \$5,800 is reached. At June 30, 2017 \$5,800 has been accumulated in a required restricted reserve account. Future payments due on the loan are as follows:

	Total		Interest		rincipal
2018	\$ 19,212	\$	11,822	\$	7,390
2019	19,212		11,616		7,596
2020	19,212		11,405		7,807
2021	19,212		11,187		8,025
2022	19,212		10,964		8,248
2023-2027	96,060		51,242		44,818
2028-2032	96,060		44,644		51,416
2033-2037	96,060		37,074		58,986
2038-2042	96,060		28,390		67,670
2043-2047	96,060		18,428		77,632
2048-2052	96,060		6,998		89,062
2053	4,627		21		4,607
	\$ 677,047	\$	243,791	\$	433,257

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are described as "due to/from other funds" (current interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The following is a reconciliation of the interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2017:

	G	Sovernmen	Fiduciary				
	Ir	nterfund	lr	nterfund	Interfund		
	Re	ceivables	P	ayables	P	ayables	
General Fund	\$	127,839	\$	(22,968)	\$	-	
Highway Users Fund		-		-		-	
Grant Fund		22,968		-		-	
Volunteer Firemen's Relief							
and Pension Fund		-		-		(31,484)	
Senior Center Fund		-		(95,973)		-	
Library Fund				(382)		-	
	\$	150,807	\$	(119,323)	\$	(31,484)	

3. Interfund Transfers

Transfers within the reporting entity are for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions. The General Fund transferred \$23,416 to the Senior Center Fund, \$197,988 to the Utility Funds, and \$44,593 to the Library Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017.

4. Pensions

The Town contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) – Police. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2017 the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and		Governmental				
Statement of Activities	Activit	A	ctivities	Total		
Net pension asset	\$ 97	73,664	\$	-	\$	973,664
Net pension liabilities	89	90,983		222,746		1,113,729
Deferred outflows of resources	30	9,934		39,074		349,008
Deferred inflows of resources	46	67,689		87,547		555,236
Pension revenue	18	34,915		0		184,915
Pension expense		0		49,656		49,656

The Town reported \$91,679 of pension contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description - Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits provided - The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Initial membership date:		
	Before January 1, 2011	On or after January 1, 2011	
Retirement and disability			
Years of service and age	years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55	
required to receive benefit	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60	
	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62	
	any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*	
		any years, age 65	
	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive	
Final average salary based on	months of last 120 months	months of last 120 months	
Benefit percent per year			
of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%	

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions - In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30. 2017, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.48 percent (11.34 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.48 percent (10.78 percent for retirement, 0.56 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.47 percent (9.17 percent for retirement, 0.21 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.09 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS The Town's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$67,910. The Town's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

ASRS	Healt	th benefit	Long-tei	rm disability
Year ended June 30	supple	ement fund	f	fund
2017	\$	3,313	\$	828
2016		3,231		775
2015		4,623		940

During fiscal year 2017, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 49 percent from the general fund, 30 percent from major funds, and 20 percent from enterprise funds.

Pension liability - At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$1,113,729 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, reflects a change in actuarial assumption for a decrease in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2016, was .0069 percent, which was a decrease of .00110 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources - For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension revenue for ASRS of \$146,311. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,768	\$	76,616
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net Difference between projected and		-		58,925
actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and		120,691		-
differences between contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		-		302,192
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		67,910		_
	\$	195,369	\$	437,733

The \$67,910 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Schedule of Net Deferred Outflows and Inflows

Year ending June 30	
2018	\$ (236,515)
2019	(140,240)
2020	32,640
2021	 33,841
	\$ (310,274)

Actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3 - 6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rate	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.75 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS	Target	Long-term expected
Asset class	allocation	arithmetic real rate of return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Total	100%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	Current		
	1% Decrease 7%	discount rate 8%	1% Increase 9%
City's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 1,420,089	\$ 1,113,729	\$ 868,095

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan descriptions - Town Police who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPRS plan. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Initial membership date:		
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012	
Retirement and disability			
Years of service and age	20 years, any age		
required to receive benefit	15 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5	
	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive	
Final average salary based on	months of last 20 years	months of last 20 years	
Benefit percent			
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement, v	whichever is greater	
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months thereafter reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, w hichever is greater		
Ordinary disability retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20		
Survivor benefit Retired members	80% to 100% of retired mem	nber's pension benefit	
Active members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit of 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job		

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS
	Police
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	6
Total	8

Contributions and annual OPEB cost - State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2017, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS
	Police
Active members -Pension PSPRS members with an initial membership date on or before July 19, 2011	7.65%
PSPRS members with an initial membership date after July 19,	
2011	11.65%
Town Contributions	
Pension	16.40%
Health Insurance Premium Benefit	0.65%

For the agent plans, the Town's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2017, were:

	F	SPRS
	I	Police
Pension contributions made	\$	37,751
Health Insurance Premium Benefit		
Annual OPEB cost		
Contributions made		-

Pension liability (asset)—At June 30, 2017, the Town reported the following net pension asset:

| Net pension | liability | (asset) |
| PSPRS Police | \$ (973,664)

The net pension liabilities (and asset) were measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2017, reflect the following changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions.

- In May 2016 voters approved Proposition 124 that authorized certain statutory adjustments to PSPRS' automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The statutory adjustments change the basis for future cost-of-living adjustments from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent.
- Laws 2016, Chapter 2, changed the benefit formula and contribution requirements for members hired on or after July 1, 2017.
- The investment rate of return actuarial assumption was decreased from 7.85 percent to 7.50 percent for the PSPRS plan.

The net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2017, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the County's net pension liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

Pension actuarial assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.0%-8.0%
Inflation 4.0%

Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rate RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS	Target	Long-term expected
Asset class	allocation	arithmetic real rate of return
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Fixed income	7%	2.92%
Real assets	8%	4.77%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Private equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
U.S. equity	16%	6.23%
Total	100%	

Pension discount rates—At June 30, 2016, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension liabilities was 7.50 percent, which was a decrease of .35 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the net pension liability (asset):

	Total pension liability		Plan fiduciary net position	Ne	et pension liability (asset)
PSPRS - Police		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	395,611	\$ 1,423,082	\$ ((1,027,471)
Changes for the year:					,
Service cost		65,750	-		65,750
Interest on the total pension liability		33,510	-		33,510
Changes of benefit terms		52,559	-		52,559
Differences between expected and actual experience in the					
measurement of the pension liability		(50,568)	-		(50,568)
Changes of assumptions or other					
inputs		25,263	-		25,263
Contributions - employer		-	39,277		(39,277)
Contributions - employee		-	36,703		(36,703)
Net investment income		-	8,413		(8,413)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(3,214)	(3,214)		-
Administrative expense		-	(1,612)		1,612
Other changes			(10,074)		10,074
Net changes		123,300	69,493		53,807
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	518,911	\$ 1,492,575	\$	(973,664)

Sensitivity of the Town's net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the Town's net pension liabilities (assets) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
The City's proportionate share of	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
net pension liability (asset)	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
PSPRS - Police	\$ (876,601)	\$ (973,664)	\$ (1,052,271)

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Pension expense - For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$11,052 relating to PSPRS.

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources - At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS - Police		ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	117,503	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	·	22,572	·	-	
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension					
plan investments City contributions subsequent to		93,316		-	
the measurement date		37,751			
	\$	153,639	\$	117,503	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or an increase in the net pension asset) in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Police
Year ending June 30	
2018	\$ (1,399)
2019	(1,401)
2020	10,572
2021	931
2022	(8,923)
Thereafter	(1,395)
	\$ (1,615)

Agent plan OPEB actuarial assumptions—The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2017, were established by the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the plans' funded status and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as the Town and plans' members understand them and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all PSPRS plans and related benefits (unless noted), and the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to establish the fiscal year 2017 contribution requirements:

uirements
June 30, 2015
Entry age normal
Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess
21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess
7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% Market corridor
7.85%
4%–8% for PSPRS
4% for PSPRS

Agent plan OPEB trend information—Annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and 2 preceding years follows for each of the agent plans:

			Percentage			
Year	Ar	nual	of annual	N	et	
ended	OPEB		cost	OPEB		
June 30	cost		contributed	oblig	obligation	
PSPRS Police						
2017	\$	-	100%	\$	-	
2016		254	100%		-	
2015		188	100%		_	

Agent plan OPEB funded status—The health insurance premium benefit plans' funded status as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2016, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used in those valuations follow.

	PSPRS
Actuarial value of assets (a)	51,093
Actuarial accrued liability (b)	20,746
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	
(funding excess) (b) – (a)	(30,347)
Funded ratio (a)/(b)	246.28%
Annual covered payroll (c)	296,319
Unfunded actuarial accrued	
liability (funding excess) as a	
percentage of covered	
payroll (b) – (a) / (c)	-10.24%

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are the same for all the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plans (unless noted), and for the most recent valuation date are as follows:

PSPRS—OPEB funded status

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial

accrued liability, open for excess

Remaining

amortization period 20 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20

years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market

corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Projected salary increases 4%–8% for PSPRS

IV. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Litigation

There were claims or lawsuits pending against the Town as of June 30, 2017, but none that were not covered by the Town's liability insurance

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for a reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The Town is a member of the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (Pool). The Pool was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of self-funding for the Pool's membership, obtain lower costs for property and liability insurance coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Town pays an annual premium to the Pool for its coverage. The Town's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies reinsurance contracts, individual stop loss coverage for member local governments. Insurance settlements for the Town did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Pool is financially solvent as of June 30, 2017. However, if the Pool should become insolvent, the Town may be assessed an "additional premium" not to exceed the Town's annual premium for the year i.e. \$88,744. As long as the Town maintains its insurance coverage through the Pool it will have this contingent liability.



Town of Hayden, Arizona Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget	
D		Original		Final		Basis)	Posit	ive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	04.040	•	04.040	•	54.040	•	(0.000)
State Sales Tax	\$	61,212	\$	61,212	\$	54,243	\$	(6,969)
State Revenue Sharing		183,606		183,606		188,647		5,041
Property Tax		12,550		12,550		616,547		603,997
Vehicle Lieu Tax		40,667		40,667		40,912		245
City Sales Tax		1,400,000		1,400,000		1,216,707		(183,293)
Winkelman Intergovernmental Contract		100,000		100,000		76,854		(23,146)
Utility Franchise		14,000		14,000		10,894		(3,106)
Licenses, Permits and Other		20,850		20,850		23,513		2,663
Fines and Forfeitures		2,500		2,500		4,205		1,705
Sanitation Fees		35,000		35,000		33,811		(1,189)
Golf Course Fees		30,000		30,000		32,533		2,533
Interest Income		1,800		1,800		8,288		6,488
Gain on Investments		-		-		-		-
Other		44,950		44,950				(44,950)
Total Revenues		1,947,135		1,947,135		2,307,154		360,019
General Government		581,615		581,615		436,319		145,296
Contingency		1,277,300		1,277,300		-		1,277,300
Police		861,340		861,340		541,995		319,345
Fire		90,050		90,050		45,604		44,446
Sanitation		259,175		259,175		133,477		125,698
Parks and Recreation/Golf Course		287,655		287,655		247,188		40,467
Cemetery		9,000		9,000		2,539		6,461
Pool		49,775		49,775		33,522		16,253
Animal Control		13,050		13,050		10,117		2,933
Capital Outlay		87,000		87,000		-		87,000
Total Expenditures		3,515,960		3,515,960		1,450,761		2,065,199
Excess of Revenues								
(Under) Expenditures	((1,568,825)		(1,568,825)		856,393		2,425,218
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(440.045)		(440.045)		(0.05.007)		450.040
Transfer to other Funds		(419,845)		(419,845)		(265,997)		153,848
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(419,845)		(419,845)		(265,997)		153,848
Net change in fund balances	((1,988,670)		(1,988,670)		590,396		2,579,066
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,331,712		1,331,712		1,331,712		- -
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(656,958)	\$	(656,958)	\$	1,922,108	\$	2,579,066

Town of Hayden, Arizona Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budget Amounts					Actual mounts udgetary	Variance With Final Budget		
		Original	Final			Basis)	Positiv	e (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Highway Users Tax	\$	64,915	\$	64,915	\$	69,250	\$	4,335	
Transportation Excise Tax		60,000		60,000		61,850		1,850	
Total Revenues		124,915		124,915		131,100		6,185	
Expenditures:									
Streets		190,915		190,915		162,737		28,178	
Total Expenditures		190,915		190,915		162,737		28,178	
Excess of Revenues									
(Under) Expenditures		(66,000)		(66,000)		(31,637)		34,363	
Fund Balance, Beginning		91,731		91,731		91,731		-	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	25,731	\$	25,731	\$	60,094	\$	34,363	

Town of Hayden, Arizona Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Basis)	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Grant Revenue	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 115,805	\$ (3,884,195)		
Total Revenues	4,000,000	4,000,000	115,805	(3,884,195)		
Expenditures:						
General Government	-	-	750	(750)		
Fire	-	-	-	-		
Library	-	-	2,000	(2,000)		
Capital Outlay-Senior Center	-	-	113,055	(113,055)		
Grant Expenditures	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	4,000,000		
Total Expenditures	4,000,000	4,000,000	115,805	3,884,195		
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	-	-	-	-		
Fund Balance, Beginning	-	-	-	-		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Town of Hayden, Arizona Budgetary Comparison Schedule Senior Center Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				A	Actual mounts udgetary		iance with
		Original		Final	-	Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Grant Revenue	\$	178,140	\$	178,140	\$	123,086	\$	(55,054)
Licenses, Permits and Other						93,943		93,943
Total Revenues		178,140		178,140		217,029		38,889
Expenditures:								
Senior Center		265,730		265,730		240,445		25,285
Total Expenditures		265,730		265,730		240,445		25,285
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(87,590)		(87,590)		(23,416)		64,174
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer from general fund		87,590		87,590		23,416		(64,174)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		87,590		87,590		23,416		(64,174)
Net Change in Fund Balance						<u>-</u> _		
Fund Balance, Beginning								
Fund Balance, Ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Town of Hayden, Arizona Budgetary Comparison Schedule Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses, Permits and Other	\$ 2,750	\$ 2,750	\$ 822	\$ (1,928)
County Library Property Tax	47,120	47,120	49,600	2,480
Total Revenue	49,870	49,870	50,422	552
Expenditures:				
Library	143,120	143,120	95,015	48,105
Total Expenditures	143,120	143,120	95,015	48,105
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(93,250)	(93,250)	(44,593)	48,657
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer from general fund	93,250	93,250	44,593	(48,657)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	93,250	93,250	44,593	(48,657)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning				
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Town of Hayden, Arizona Required supplementary information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Position Liability Cost-Sharing Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Arizona State Retirement System	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2013 through 2007
Town's proportion of net pension liability	0.00690%	0.00851%	0.01032%	Information
Town's proportion share of net pension liability	\$ 1,113,729	\$ 1,325,106	\$1,526,891	not available
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 646,147	\$ 783,554	\$ 930,206	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	172.36%	169.11%	164.15%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	

Town of Hayden, Arizona Required supplementary information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2017

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Police

	2017	2016	2015	
	 (2016)	 (2015)	(2014)	
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 65,750	\$ 95,972	\$	98,039
Interest on total pension liability	33,510	29,545		26,222
Changes in benefit terms	52,559	-		(1,984)
Difference between expected and actual experience				
in the measurement of the pension liability	(50,568)	(50,880)		(69,806)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	25,263	-		2,283
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(3,214)	(14,830)		(7,935)
Net change in pension liability	123,300	59,807		46,819
Total pension liability - beginning	395,611	335,804		288,985
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 518,911	\$ 395,611	\$	335,804
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	39,277	95,963		49,263
Contributions - employee	36,703	42,001		40,346
Net investment income	8,413	48,444		145,233
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(3,214)	(14,830)		(7,935)
Pension plan administrative expense	(1,612)	(1,569)		-
Other changes	(10,074)	4,693		(50,425)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	69,493	174,702		176,482
Total pension liability - beginning	1,423,082	1,248,380		,071,898
Total pension liability - ending (b)	 1,492,575	 1,423,082	1	,248,380
Town's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (973,664)	\$ (1,027,471)	\$	(912,576)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	287.64%	359.72%		371.76%
Covered payroll	296,319	318,988		490,868
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-328.59%	-322.10%		-185.91%

Town of Hayden, Arizona Required supplementary information Schedule of Town Pension Contributions June 30, 2017

Arizona State Retirement System

•	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 (2013)
Statutorily determined contribution Town's contributions in relation to the	\$ 67,910	\$ 69,325	\$ 85,329	\$ 99,532
statutorily determined contributions	67,910	69,325	85,329	99,532
Town's contribution (deficiency) excess	 _	-	-	 -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 591,551	\$ 646,147	\$ 783,554	\$ 930,206
Town's contributions as a percentage of	44.400/	40.050/	40.000/	44.000/
covered payroll	11.48%	10.85%	10.89%	11.30%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Police				
	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 (2013)
Statutorily determined contribution	\$ 37,751	\$ 38,748	\$ 39,362	\$ 46,484
Town's contributions in relation to the				
statutorily determined contributions	37,751	38,748	39,362	46,484
Town's contribution (deficiency) excess	-	-	-	 -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 296,319	\$ 315,044	\$ 290,924	\$ 354,302
Town's contributions as a percentage of				
covered payroll	12.74%	12.30%	13.53%	13.12%

Town of Hayden, Arizona Required supplementary information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Actuarially determined contribution rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial

accrued liability, open for excess

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2015 actuarial

Asset valuation method

valuation

21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess

7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

In the actuarial valuation, the investment

rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%

Projected salary increases In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases

were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0%. In the 2013

actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%–9.0% to 4.5%–8.5% for PSPRS

Wage growth In 2014 the actuarial valuation, wage growth

was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific

to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June

30, 2011.

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females)

Town of Hayden, Arizona Required supplementary information Schedule of Agent OPEB Plan's Funding Progress and Related Notes Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	٧	ctuarial alue of Assets (a)	Α	ctuarial .ccrued .iability (b)	(Fu	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) nding Excess) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	(Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL (Funding Excess) as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([b-a]/c)	
PSPRS - Polic	e										
6/30/2017	\$	54,524	\$	23,668	\$	(30,856)	230.4%	\$	314,189	0.0%	
6/30/2016		51,093		20,746		(30,347)	246.3%		315,044	0.0%	
6/30/2015		47,602		16,290		(31,312)	292.2%		290,924	0.0%	

Note 2 – Factors that affect the identification of trends

Beginning in fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plans recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same pension fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plans transferred prior-year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from each plan's pension fund to the new health insurance fund.